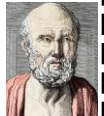


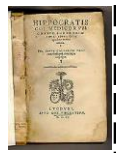
Britain: Health and the People c1000 to the present day. Part 1: Medicine Stands Still

Hippocrates 

Time Period:

What did he do?


What was his impact on medicine?



460-370BC



129-210AD

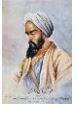
Galen 

Time Period:

What did he do?

What was his impact on medicine?

Dark Ages 450AD – 1066AD
Loss of knowledge after the fall of the Roman Empire

Al Razi (Rhazes) 

Religion:


What did he do?

What was his impact on medicine?

865-925



980-1037


Ibn Sina (Avicenna) 

Religion:

What did he do?

What was his impact on medicine?

Impact of Christianity




1000



1100

Impact of Islam



1200



The Black Death 1348

Beliefs about causes:

Real causes:

Treatments:



1300

1400



What did a medieval doctor know?


| Medieval Public Health | |
|------------------------|-------------|
| Towns | Monasteries |

Impact of the Black Death


Short Term:

Long Term:

1351 – Statute of Labourers



Key features of medieval surgery:



Factors for change in medicine:

| | | |
|----------------------|-------------|------------|
| Role of individuals. | Luck/Chance | Warfare |
| Religion | Government | Technology |

Branches of medicine

| | | |
|-----------------------------|-------------|--------------------|
| Treatment of disease. (ToD) | Surgery (S) | Public Health (PH) |
|-----------------------------|-------------|--------------------|